

Professional Diploma in Nutrition

Module 1

Lesson 5: Helping Yourself



EQF Level 5
Professional Diploma



Fast Food

“Food that can be prepared quickly and easily and is sold in restaurants and snack bars as a quick meal or to be taken out” (WHO)



Fast Food Facts

- >500,000 fast food places worldwide
- 96% of kids can recognise Ronald McDonald with only Santa being more recognisable
- \$100billion is the amount Americans spend on fast food every year
- You can eat your entire day's calorie allowance in one fast food meal
- \$4.2 billion spent on advertising in US in 2010
- There was a 54% increase in the number of possible kids' meal combinations available in 2013 compared with 2010



Why Do People Choose Fast Food?

- Instantly gratifying and pleasurable
- Fast at satisfying hunger
- Busy lifestyles
- Lack of time to cook from scratch
- Fussy eaters
- Low cost
- Efficient Services
- Casual Atmosphere
- Less hassle
- Clever marketing makes it attractive



Fast Food Presentation



Clever
Marketing
Presents

Fast Food In an
Attractive Light





**Fast Food is
high in:**

**Calories
Fat
Sugar
Salt
Additives**

War on Fast Food



Fast Food Experiment:

30 days- ate only from McDonalds

Results: Gained 25lbs, experienced headaches, fatigue, indigestion, increased cholesterol levels, increased levels of uric acid and a mild chemical hepatitis



UK Chef Jamie Oliver won a battle against Mc Donald's after showing how Mc Donald's hamburgers were made- the franchise changed it's recipe. Previously the fatty parts of beef were "washed" in ammonium hydroxide and used in the filling of the burger.

<http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=twOj0XNCyaY>

Calories in Junk Food

Ben & Jerry's Cookie Dough Ice Cream



500g tub - 1,350 calories



100g serving - 270 calories

1,360
CALORIES



LASAGNA

1,138
CALORIES



TWO SLICES OF
SAUSAGE AND
CHEESE PIZZA

2,345
CALORIES



CHINESE
FOOD PLATE



280
calories

SIX-INCH Turkey Breast & Black Forest Ham
on nine-grain wheat bread: 280 calories,
4 grams of fat, and 820 milligrams of sodium.



900
calories

FOOTLONG Italian B.M.T.
on nine-grain wheat bread: 900 calories,
40 grams of fat, and 3,000 milligrams of sodium.

Calories in Junk Food

HOW UNHEALTHY ARE YOUR SUPERSIZE SNACKS?					
cineworld	No. of calories	Sugar (teaspoons)	ODEON	No. of calories	Sugar (teaspoons)
Toffee Popcorn (200g)	840	30.2	Pepsi (Extra Large)	382	25
Mars Galaxy Minstrels (170g)	855	29.3	Sweet Popcorn (Large)	1,005	9
Large Coke (32oz)	407	25.3	Phish Food ice cream	230	6.5
Large Sweet Popcorn (279g)	1,255	10	vue		
Blueberry Muffin (108g)	401	6	Coca Cola (44oz)	525	33
Chunky Monkey Ice cream (85g)	246	5.75	Toffee Popcorn (200g)	830	35
			Candy Floss (100g)	403	25
			Peanut Butter Cup ice cream (3 scoops)	841	14.7

Calories in Junk Food

extra value meals

include medium fries and soft drink

large fries and soft drink +.
add 120-230 Cal.



A 2,000 calorie daily diet is used as the basis for general nutrition advice; however, individual calorie needs may vary. Additional nutritional information available upon request.



1 Big Mac[®]

0.00	550 Cal.
0.00 meal	930-1170 Cal.



2 Quarter Pounder[™] with cheese *except when cooking with 100% plant-based protein

0.00	520 Cal.
0.00 meal	900-1140 Cal.



3 Double Quarter Pounder[™] with cheese *except when cooking with 100% plant-based protein

0.00	750 Cal.
0.00 meal	1130-1370 Cal.



8 Southern Style Chicken

0.00	420 Cal.
0.00 meal	800-1040 Cal.



9 Chicken Selects[®]

0.00	380 Cal.
0.00 meal	760-1000 Cal. <small>sauces 30-110 Cal.</small>



10 10 Pc. Chicken McNuggets[®]

0.00	470 Cal.
0.00 meal	850-1090 Cal. <small>sauces 30-110 Cal.</small>

Calories in Junk Food



THE HIDDEN DANGERS

	Calories	Fat	Sugar
Starbucks venti egnog latte (left)	579	24g	74g
Costa Black Forest hot chocolate	548	26g	60g
Caffe Nero cinnamon hot chocolate	487	20g	65g
McDonald's After Eight McFlurry ice cream	400	16g	51g
Burger King Jaffa Cake fusion ice cream	261	10g	36g
EAT Christmas Full Works sandwich	789	18g	14g
McDonald's Double Cheeseburger (right)	440	23g	8g
Pret Christmas brie & cranberry sandwich	567	33g	3g



Calorie Awareness



NUTRITION INFORMATION			GUIDELINE DAILY AMOUNTS		
Typical values	per 100g	per 350g serving	Women	Men	Children (5-10 years)
Energy – kj	480kj	1680kj			
– kcal (Calories)	115kcal	405kcal	2000	2500	1800
Protein	9.5g	33.3g	45g	55g	24g
Carbohydrate	8.6g	30.1g	230g	300g	220g
of which sugars	2.0g	7.0g	90g	120g	85g
Fat	4.6g	16.1g	70g	95g	70g
of which saturates	3.0g	10.0g	20g	30g	20g
Fibre	1.5g	5.3g	24g	24g	15g
Sodium*	0.3g	1.1g	2.4g	2.4g	1.4g
*Equivalent as salt	0.8g	2.8g	6g	6g	4g

Calorie Awareness

NUTRITION INFORMATION			
SERVINGS PER PACKAGE: 2			
SERVING SIZE: 35g (half a bar)			
	AVG. QTY PER SERVE	% DAILY INTAKE* PER SERVE	AVG. QTY PER 100g
ENERGY	753kj	9%	2150kj
PROTEIN	2.3g	5%	6.5g
FAT - TOTAL	9.2g	13%	26.3g
- SATURATED	5.7g	24%	16.3g
CARBOHYDRATE	21.9g	7%	62.6g
- SUGARS	20.8g	23%	59.4g
SODIUM	23mg	1%	66mg

***Percentage Daily Intakes are based on an average adult diet of 8700kj.
Your daily intakes may be higher or lower depending on your energy needs.**

To learn more visit www.betreatwise.info

Introduction to Calories

- Reduce by 500kcal per day
- Should result in weight loss of 0.5kg or 1lb per week
- This equals 3500kcalas/week



1 Pound of Fat



1 Pound of Muscle

Introduction to Calories

- All food has calories but not all offer you the same nutritional benefits
- Some will fill you more than others!
- Track calories: My Fitness Pal/ Calorie Counter/ Diet Tracker



Hidden Calories

- Café bought coffees
- Processed food
- Oil when cooking
- Spreads and salad dressings
- Jarred sauces
- Nuts
- Dried fruit
- Soft drinks
- Soups



**Hidden fats,
sugar and
calories.**

Read the label!

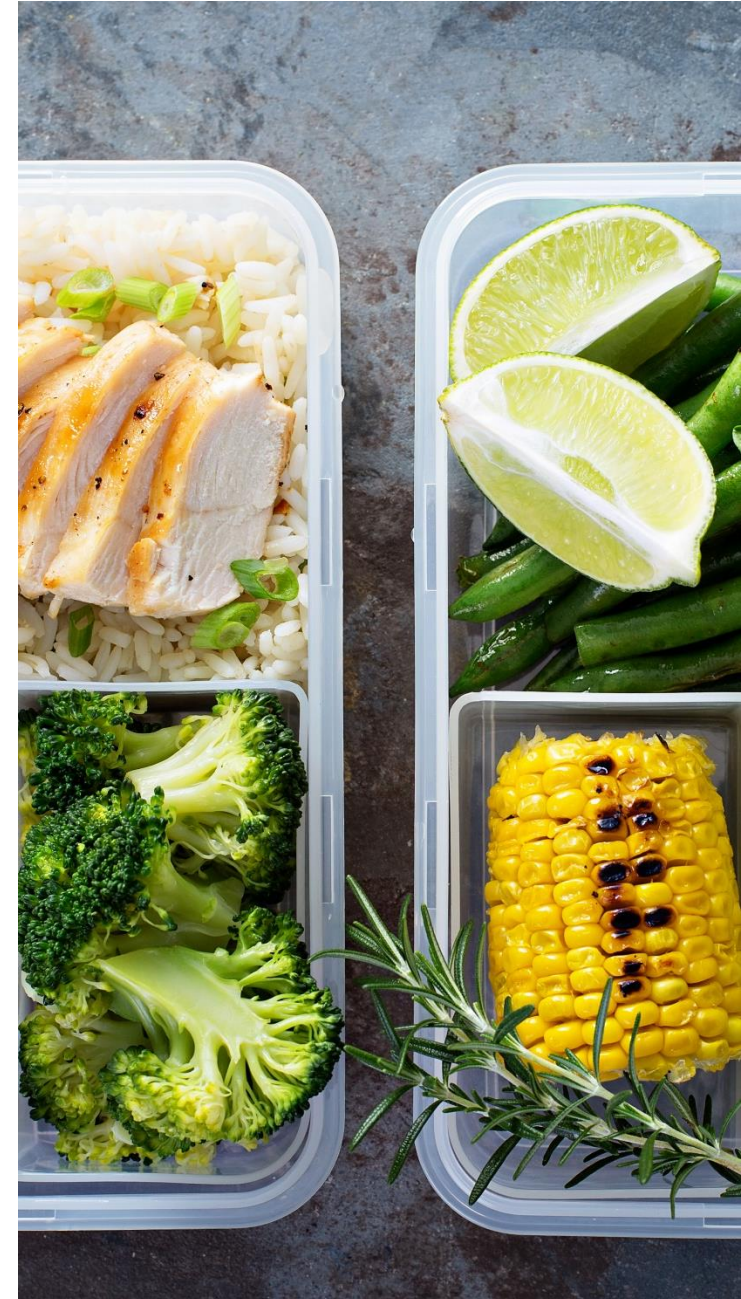
Healthy Cooking Methods

- Baking
 - Braising
 - Boiling
 - Grilling
 - Poaching
 - Roasting
 - Sautéing
 - Steaming
 - Stir-fry
 - Pressure Cooking
- Remember 1tbsp oil= 120kcal



No Time to Cook?

- Use pre-prepared frozen vegetables
- Buy ready chopped fresh veg (without sauce)
- Allocate a few hours one day to cooking
- Make food in bulk, separate into individual containers and freeze for use during the week (Remember to thaw thoroughly before cooking!!)
- Busy with kids? Include them in the cooking process



Eating Healthy on a Budget

- Plan meals and make a list
- Search the cupboards to see what you have in stock
- Don't go shopping while hungry
- Limit shopping to once or twice a week
- Stick to the list- avoid special offers, all add up!
- Choose supermarket own brands
- Buy canned and non-perishable foods in bulk
- Remember special offers are only good value if you need the products
- Bring a packed lunch to work
- Save eating out for special occasions



Guide to portion control



3 oz meat



1 cup cherries



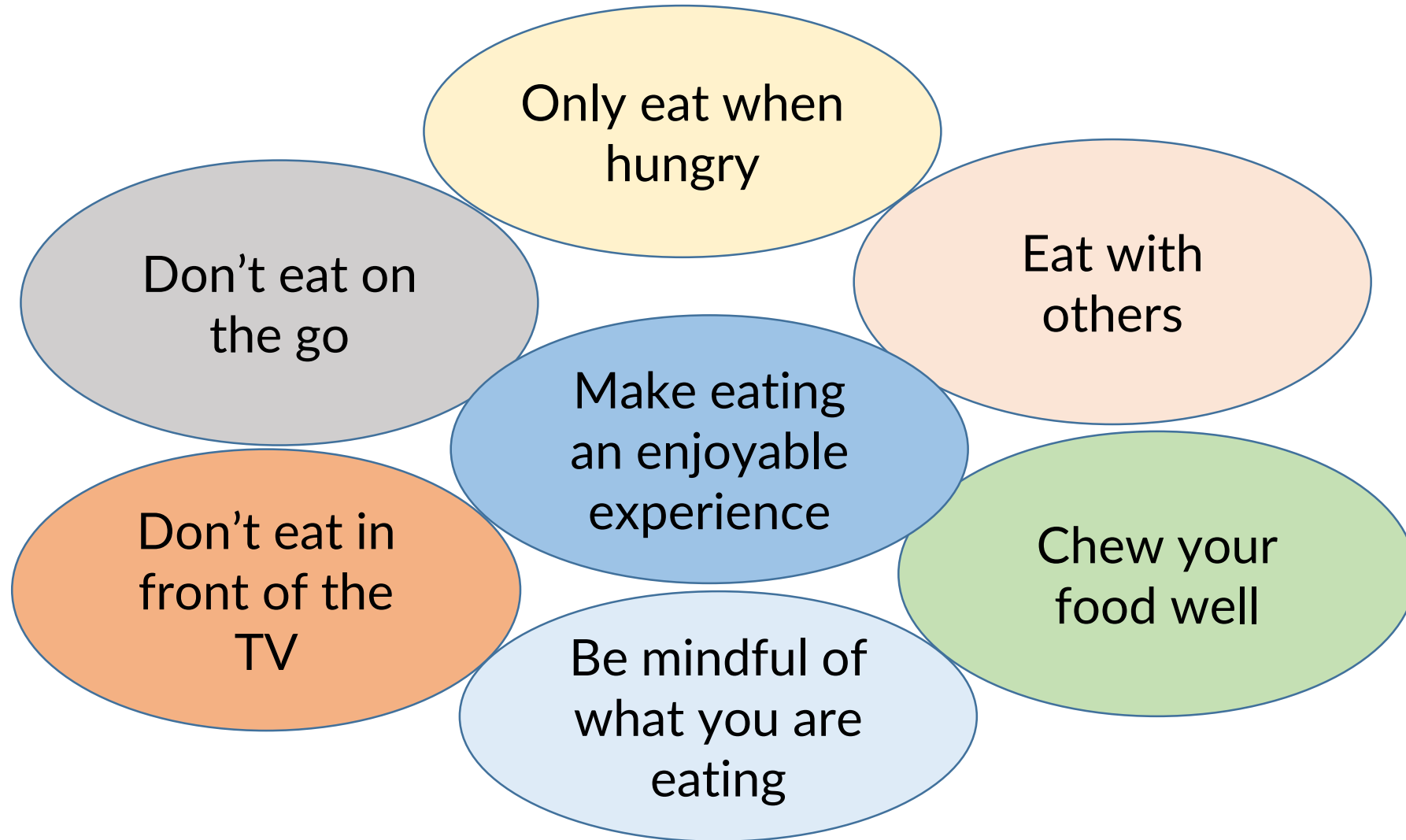
8 oz liquid



1 oz nuts



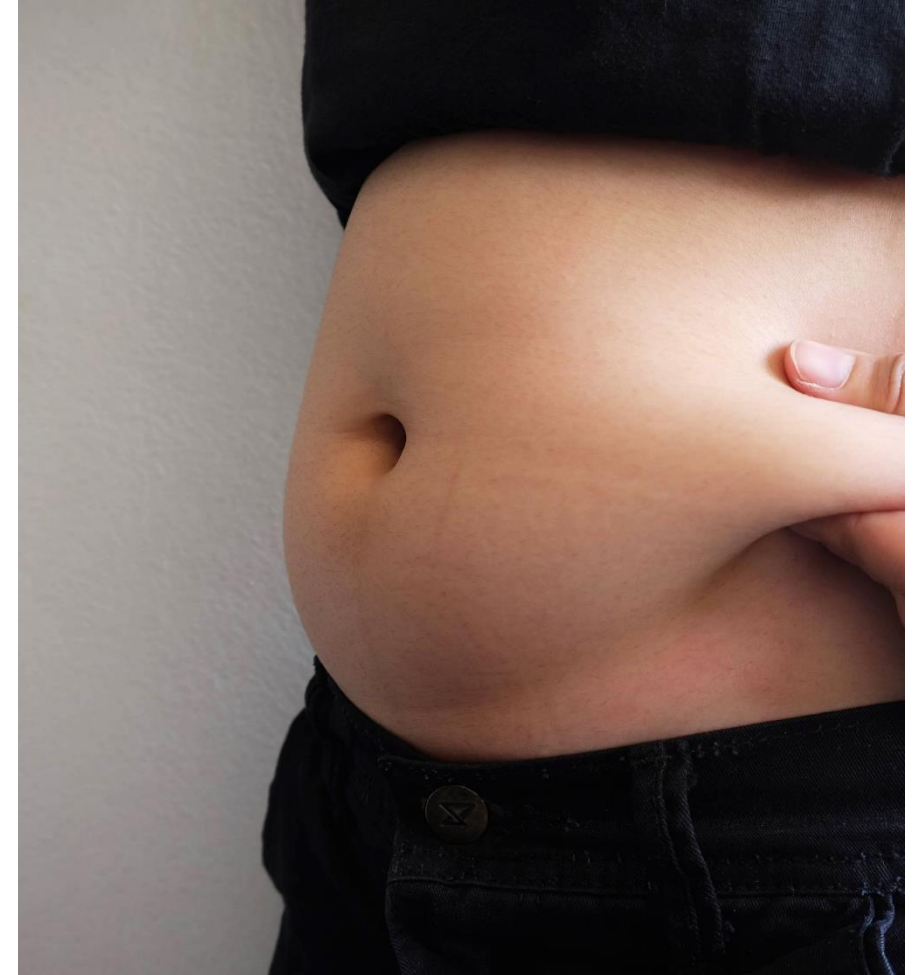
Adopt Healthy Eating Behaviours



Overweight and Obesity

Amount of weight you gain since your mid-20s can have serious health implications:

- CVD- heart attack, stroke
- Diabetes
- Cancer
- Arthritis
- Gallstones
- Asthma
- Cataracts
- Infertility
- Snoring
- Sleep Apnoea



Causes of Fat Gain

- Emotional issues
- Menopause
- Portion sizes
- Quitting smoking
- Genes
- Physical inactivity
- Environment
- Medication
- Eating disorders
- Diet
- Sleep



Calculating Macronutrients



Guidelines for daily CHO intake

Training intensity/duration		Carbohydrate Targets	
Light	Low-intensity Skill-based activities	3–5g per kg BW	1.36-2.27g per lb BW
Moderate	Moderate intensity 1 hr/day	5-7g per kg BW	2.27-3.18g per lb BW
High	Endurance programme Moderate to high intensity 1-3 hr / day	7-12g per kg BW	3.18- 5.45g per lb BW
Very high	Extreme commitment Moderate to high intensity >4-5 hr/day	10-12g per kg BW	4.54-5.45g per lb BW

Burke, 2014

Protein Requirements

Group	Protein intake (g/kg/day)	Protein intake (g/lb/day)
Sedentary Individual	0.80	0.36
Elite endurance athletes	1.2-2.0	0.54 – 0.90
Moderate-intensity endurance athletes (a)	1.2	0.54
Recreational endurance athletes (b)	0.8-1.0	0.36-0.45
Team sports/power sports	1.4-1.7	0.63-0.77
Strength/resistance athlete	1.5-2.0	0.68-0.90
Athlete on fat-loss programme	1.6-2.0	0.72-0.90
Athlete on weight-gain programme	1.8-2.0	0.81-0.90

- (a) Exercising approximately four to five times per week for 45-60 min
 (b) Exercising four to five times per week for 30 min at a moderate intensity

Adapted from Burke & Deakin, Clinical Sports Nutrition, 3rd Edition, McGraw-Hill Australia Pty Ltd, 2006, Fink & Mikesly, Practical Applications of Sports Nutrition 4th ed. 2015

Example

Peter – 21 years old, 78 kg and does endurance activities.

$$78 \times 2.2 = 172 \text{ lbs}$$

BMR x PAL

$$15.1 \times 78 + 692 = 1,870$$

$$1,870 \times 1.8 = 3,366$$

He works out for 1-2 hours per day. He is an endurance runner.

He wants to maintain his weight.

He has a sedentary job.



Carbs

high (7-12g per kg)

$$7 \times 78 = 546\text{g} \times 4 \text{ calories} \\ = 2,184 \text{ calories from CHO}$$

PRO

Recreational endurance athlete (1,2-1.4g per kg)

$$1.2 \times 78 = 94\text{g} \times 4 \\ = 376 \text{ calories}$$

Fat

Remainder of calories.

$$2,186 + 376 = 2,562 \text{ calories} \\ 3,366 - 2,562 = 804 \text{ calories.} \\ 804 / 9 \text{ (fat calories per gram)} = 89\text{g}$$

Eating Healthy on a Budget

- Easy to use
- Highlights Eating patterns
- Portions
- Identify problem areas
- Track calories



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Module 1

Q&A

See You Back For Lesson 6

